RISK ASSESSMENT Ideal Cleaning Services Ltd. 351 Nuthall Road, Nottingham NG8 5BX Tel: 0115 913 2222

Work Process:	Hazards Associated with Covid-19	Page:		Of:	6
Date of Assessment:	30 March 2020	Review Period:	On Government updates		
Date of Review 1:	12 May 2020	Date of Review 2:	20 May 2020		
Date of Review 3:	10 September 2020	Date of Review 4:	20 Aug	ust 2021	

Risk Assessment carried out by:							
Assessor's name: Gary Benning Signature:							
Participant 1:	Philip Taylor	Role:	Managing Director				
Participant 2:	Neville Davies	Role:	Compliance Manager				

Risk Rating Matrix							
A. Major		Medium (M) A3	High (H) A2	High (H) A1			
B. Moderate		Low (L) B3	Medium (M) B2	High (H) B1			
C. Minor		Low (L) C3	Low (L) C2	Medium (M) C1			
Severity ↑	Likelihood →	3. Unlikely	2. Occasional	1. Likely			

Personnel Affected Please Tick √	Ideal Employees	✓	Client Employees	✓	Sub- Contractors	✓	Visitors	✓	Public	✓	
Risk Rating:	k Rating: Action:				Review Period:						
High Risk	Intolerable-De	Intolerable–Do not start work				Not applicable					
Medium Risk	ium Risk Tolerable–Reduce where practicable Annually, or significant change										
Low Risk	Tolerable-Mo	Tolerable–Monitor ensure remains low			Annually, or sign	nificant	change				

Risk Severity	<u>Likelihood</u>
A. Major – Severe injury e.g. broken bones, electrocution, chemical burn (i.e. "Major" under RIDDOR)	1. Likely- Almost inevitable occurrence
B. Moderate – Injury that results in more than 3 days away from work	2. Occasional-Likely to occur sometimes
C. Minor – Injury that results in less than 3 days away from work	3. Unlikely- Unlikely to occur
Under NO circumstances are High ratings to be left in place	If further action is required, then this is to be detailed on Site Specific or Pre- Task Risk Assessment

Risk	Possible Hazard	Initial Rating	Preventative/Control Measures Required/In Place	Anticipated Final Rating	In Place Y/N	Actual Final Rating	Controls Adequate/ Acceptable Y/N	Further Action Required ? Y/N
Direct threat to staff health and wellbeing from transmission of the coronavirus while at work	Possible transmission of the virus to staff from other staff/customers People can catch the virus from others who are infected in the following ways: • virus moves from person-toperson in droplets from the nose or mouth spread when a person with the virus coughs or exhales • the virus can survive for up to 72 hours out of the body on surfaces which people have coughed on or touched, etc People can pick up the virus by breathing in the droplets or by touching contaminated surfaces and then touching their eyes or mouth	High (A1)	Ensure that the organisation complies with its duty to provide a safe and healthy workplace/working condition for staff who remain working in the workplace during the coronavirus pandemic Although the government is easing the restriction on the wearing of face mask's many of our clients have not, and the wearing of face mask's remains a requirement on their premises. Ideal fully supports our clients COVID Policies and Procedures and our employees are expected to follow them implicitly. Circulate coronavirus policy and safety procedures to all staff and managers; these set out how staff should behave and the precautions they must adopt during the pandemic to keep them safe Managers should pass on and reinforce key Government public health messages to all staff: • cover the mouth and nose with a tissue or sleeve (not hands) when coughing or sneezing (Catch it — Bin it — Kill it) • put used tissues in the bin straight away • wash hands regularly with soap and water for at least 20 seconds; use hand sanitiser gel if soap and water are not available • avoid close contact with people who are unwell • clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces • do not touch face, eyes, nose or mouth if hands are not clean	MED (A3)	Y	MED (A3)	Y	N

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			Require staff to practice effective social distancing when travelling to and from work by:					
			avoiding non-essential contact with others					
			In all departments, fully implement Public Health England guidance - Working safely during coronavirus, which includes the following key safety precautions:					
			 keep local/departmental risk assessments under review to ensure that a safe place of work is maintained 					
			make any adjustments to the workspace/rotas/work patterns/ procedures necessary to facilitate social distancing at work					
			 Complete lateral flow testing when you have symptoms and targeted asymptomatic testing in high-risk workplaces and to help people manage their personal risk 					
			 isolating when positive or when contacted by NHS Test and Trace. 					
			follow Government health and travel advice					
			provide personal protective equipment (PPE) as required					
			 increase environmental cleaning in the workplace; review and revise cleaning method statements and schedules and ensure cleaning staff have access to suitable detergents, disinfectants, and PPE 					
			where permissible open windows to increase good ventilation.					
People becoming unwell while onsite or a symptomatic	High risk of transmission		If a member of staff becomes unwell in the workplace with coronavirus symptoms (a new, continuous cough or a high temperature) they should be sent home, self-isolate and get a PCR test.					
person using a site. Definition			You must self-isolate if you test positive. Your isolation period includes the day your symptoms started (or the day your test was taken if you do not have symptoms), and the next 10 full days.					
A symptomatic person is a			If you live in the same household as someone with COVID-19, or are a close contact of someone with COVID-19, and any of the following apply:					
person that has the virus and shows symptoms		High (A1)	you're fully vaccinated.you're below the age of 18 years 6 months	MED (A3)	Υ	MED (A3)	Y	N
			 you've taken part in or are currently part of an approved COVID-19 vaccine trial 					
			you're not able to get vaccinated for medical reasons					
			NHS Test and Trace will contact you to let you know that you have been identified as a contact and check whether you are legally required to self-isolate. If you're not legally required to self-isolate, you will be provided with advice on testing and given guidance on preventing the spread of COVID-19.					

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the virus from an asymptomatic person not showing any signs or symptoms of the virus. High Risk of Transmission from a person not showing any signs or symptoms of the virus. High Risk of Transmission from a person not showing any signs or symptoms of the virus. People who are fully vaccinated or aged under 18 and 6 months no longer need to self-isolate if they've had close contact with someone who has COVID-19 N N N N N N N N N N N N N									
as possible. You should not arrange to have a PCR test of you have previously renewed a possible PCR test result in the last of days, unless to days, unless to days, unless to days, unless to day any new symptoms of COVID-19, as it is possible for PCR test result in the last of days, unless to remain positive for some time affect of the possible for PCR test result is negative being tested because you had disprice. The properties of the possible for PCR test result is negative but you still have symptoms, you may have another viral illness such as a cold, fit or a stomach bug, You should skey at home unit you relievel and for at least 2 condition of a feat stat 2 conditions of a feat stat 2 conditions. You can stop isolating a long as: You have not been advised by NHST test and Trace that you are locally required to self-isolate with the your household has tested positive for COVID-19 you have not been advised by NHST test and Trace that you are locally required to self-isolate with the your household with the positive for coviding the possible of the possible possible for the your household with the possible possible for the possible possible for the possible possible for the your household with body fluids and all petertially contaminated high-comact areas such as toles to be contaminated with body fluids and all petertially contaminated high-comact areas such as toles. Public areas where a symptomatic individual has passed through and spent minimal time, such as corridors, but which are not visibly contaminated with body fluids and all petertially contaminated high-comact areas such as corridors, but which are not visibly contaminated with body the state of the possible possible possible possible possible of the possible possible			 Even if you do not have symptoms are will	I he advised to have a DOD	toot on one:				
If you have a negative COVID-19 PCR test result after being tested because you had dymptoms. If your PCR test result is negative but you still have symptoms, you may have another virial linkess such as a cold, fur or a storach bug. You should stay at home until you feel well and for at least 2 more days if you have a symptoms. You can stop isolating as long as: You can stop isolating as long as: • you are well and have not had diarhoea or vormiting for at least 2 days • no one else in your household has symptoms • no one else in your household has symptoms • no one else in your household has symptoms • no one else in your household has symptoms • no one else in your household has symptoms and also stop isolating your lousehold which are not visibly contaminated with body fluids and all plotentially contaminated high-contact areas such as tolets Public areas where a symptomatic individual has passed through and spent minimal time, such as corridors, but which are not visibly contaminated with body fluids, can be cleaned throughly as normal Cleaning staff must wear appropriate PPE Waste from dealing of areas where possible cases have been (including disposable cloths or paper roll and a combined detergent disposable cloths and itsuses) should be "double-bagged" and tied off; it should be placed in a secure holding area for 72 hours before being disposed of in general waste Popinium or hower or the propriate PPE Waste from dealing of areas where possible cases have been (including disposable cloths and tissues) should be "double-bagged" and tied off; it should be placed in a secure holding area for 72 hours before being disposed of in general waste Popinium or hower or the propriate PPE Waste from dealing or areas where possible cases have been (including disposable cloths and tissues) should be "double-bagged" and tied off; it should be placed in a secure holding area for 72 hours before being disposed of in general waste			as possible. You should not arrange to have received a positive PCR test result in the la symptoms of COVID-19, as it is possible for	ve a PCR test if you have prast 90 days, unless you deve	eviously lop any new				
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An asymptomatic An asymptomatic	Transmission of the virus from an asymptomatic person	person not showing any signs or	People who are fully vaccinated or aged un self-isolate if they've had close contact with	nder 18 and 6 months no lon n someone who has COVID-	ger need to 19		Y	Y	N
	Definition An asymptomatic								
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		If you take part in asymptomatic testing. People in England who do not have				l	1
		symptoms of COVID-19 can take part in regular testing using LFD tests. Asymptomatic testing can help to identify people who may have COVID-19, but are not feeling unwell, so that they can take steps to reduce the spread of infection to others.					
		Asymptomatic LFD testing is most effective when tests are taken regularly, twice a week. If you test positive for COVID-19 by LFD test, you should self-isolate and follow this guidance.					
		You should also request a follow-up PCR test. If you have any of the symptoms of COVID-19, you should request a PCR test.					
		While waiting for your follow-up PCR test result you and your household members should follow this guidance. If you receive a negative follow-up PCR test result, and this PCR test was taken within 2 days of the positive LFD test, you and your household will be told by NHS Test and Trace that you can stop self-isolating. However, you and your household must continue to self-isolate if.					
		 this PCR test result is positive 					
		 you choose not to take a follow-up PCR test 					
		 your follow-up PCR test was taken more than 2 days after the positive LFD test result 					
		It is important to book your follow-up PCR test as soon as you can following your positive LFD test result.					
Heavily used areas of the workplace are more likely to present an infection transmission		Stress the need for staff to follow good hygiene practice at all times while at work (i.e. regular handwashing, using tissues and disposing of them appropriately, etc.)					
risk	High (A1)	Managers to ensure that adequate hand cleaning resources are provided; all staff toilets to be supplied with adequate supplies of hot water, liquid soap and paper towels	MED (A3)	Y	MED (A3)	Y	N
Essential for staff to wash hands regularly but also that toilets are kept clean and free of coronavirus contamination		Print handwashing instructions/posters and display throughout workplace, especially in toilets Limit numbers of staff who can use toilets at any one time to ensure social					
	workplace are more likely to present an infection transmission risk Essential for staff to wash hands regularly but also that toilets are	workplace are more likely to present an infection transmission risk High (A1) Essential for staff to wash hands regularly but also that toilets are kept clean and free of coronavirus	Asymptomatic LFD testing is most effective when tests are taken regularly, twice a week. If you test positive for COVID-19 by LFD test, you should self-isolate and follow this guidance. You should also request a follow-up PCR test. If you have any of the symptoms of COVID-19, you should request a PCR test. While waiting for your follow-up PCR test result you and your household members should follow this guidance. If you receive a negative follow-up PCR test result, and this PCR test was taken within 2 days of the positive LFD test, you and your household must continue to self-isolate if. • this PCR test result is positive • you choose not to take a follow-up PCR test • your follow-up PCR test as soon as you can following your positive LFD test result. It is important to book your follow-up PCR test as soon as you can following your positive LFD test result. Stress the need for staff to follow good hygiene practice at all times while at work (i.e. regular handwashing, using tissues and disposing of them appropriately, etc.) present an infection transmission risk Essential for staff to wash hands regularly but also that tollets are kept clean and free of coronavirus Print handwashing instructions/posters and display throughout workplace, especially in tollets Limit numbers of staff who can use toilets at any one time to ensure social	others. Asymptomatic LFD testing is most effective when tests are taken regularly, twice a week. If you test positive for COVID-19 by LFD test, you should self-isolate and follow this guidance. You should also request a follow-up PCR test. If you have any of the symptoms of COVID-19, you should request a PCR test. While waiting for your follow-up PCR test result you and your household members should follow this guidance. If you receive a negative follow-up PCR test result, and this PCR test was taken within 2 days of the positive LFD test, you and your household will be told by NHS Test and Trace that you and your household will be told by NHS Test and Trace that you and spoself-isolating. It is important to book your follow-up PCR test was taken more than 2 days after the positive LFD test result It is important to book your follow-up PCR test as soon as you can following your positive LFD test result. Stress the need for staff to follow good hygiene practice at all times while at work (i.e. regular handwashing, using tissues and disposing of them appropriately, etc.) present an infection transmission risk Stress the need for staff to follow good hygiene practice at all times while at work (i.e. regular handwashing, using tissues and disposing of them appropriately, etc.) Managers to ensure that adequate hand cleaning resources are provided; all staff to be supplied with adequate supplies of hot water, liquid soap and paper towels MED (A3) Print handwashing instructions/posters and display throughout workplace, especially in toilets Limit numbers of staff who can use toilets at any one time to ensure social	Asymptomatic LFD testing is most effective when tests are taken regularly, twice a week. If you test positive for COVID-19 by LFD test, you should self-isolate and follow this guidance. You should also request a follow-up PCR test: If you have any of the symptoms of COVID-19, you should request a PCR test. While waiting for your follow-up PCR test result; you and your household members should follow this guidance. If you receive a negative follow-up PCR test result, and this PCR test was taken within 2 days of the positive LFD test, you and your household will be told by NHS Test and Trace that you can stop self-isolating. However, you and your household must continue to self-isolate if. • this PCR test result is positive • you choose not to take a follow-up PCR test • your follow-up PCR test was taken more than 2 days after the positive LFD test result. It is important to book your follow-up PCR test as soon as you can following your positive LFD test result. Stress the need for staff to follow good hygiene practice at all times while at work (i.e. regular handwashing, using tissues and disposing of them appropriately, etc.) present an infection transmission fisk. Managers to ensure that adequate hand cleaning resources are provided; all staff tollets to be supplied with adequate supplies of hot water, liquid scap and paper towels Print handwashing instructions/posters and display throughout workplace, especially in tollets. Limit numbers of staff who can use toilets at any one time to ensure social	others. Asymptomatic LFD testing is most effective when tests are taken regularly, twice a week. If you test positive for COVID-19 by LFD test, you should self-isolate and follow this guidance. You should also request a follow-up PCR test. If you have any of the symptoms of COVID-19, you should request a PCR test. While waiting for your follow-up PCR test result, you and your household members should follow this guidance. 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High (i.e. regular handwashing, using tissues and disposing of them appropriately, etc.) MED (A3) Print handwashing instructions/posters and display throughout workplace, especially in toilets Essential for staff to wash hands regularly but also that toilets are kept cean-and free of coronavirus.	others. Asymptomatic LFD testing is most effective when tests are taken regularly, twice a week. If you test positive for COVID-19 by LFD test, you should self-isolate and follow this guidance. You should also request a follow-up PCR test. If you have any of the symptoms of COVID-19, you should request a PCR test. While waiting for your follow-up PCR test result, you and your household members should follow this guidance. 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RISK ASSESSMENT Ideal Cleaning Services Ltd. 351 Nuthall Road, Nottingham NG8 5BX Tel: 0115 913 2222

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Work Process:	Hazards Associated with Covid-19	Page:	Of: 6				
Date of Assessment:	30 March 2020	Review Period:	On Government updates				
Date of Review 1:	12 May 2020	Date of Review 2:	20 May 2020				
Date of Review 3:	10 September 2020	Date of Review 4:	20 August 2021				

Risk Assessment carried out by:								
Assessor's name:	Gary Benning	Signature:	9:5-8					
Participant 1:	Philip Taylor	Role:	Managing Director					
Participant 2:	Neville Davies	Role:	Compliance Manager					

A number of staff going to the toilet together may compromise their ability to comply with social distancing Increased risk of people coughing and touching door handles, taps and toilet flush handles		Place 60% alcohol hand gels at convenient Increase environmental cleaning, especially and staff rooms; special attention to be paid as door handles, toilet flush handles, light so Increase toilets/washrooms inspections to coap/toilet paper, etc.	y in and around toilets and red to frequently touched surfactions, etc.	estrooms aces such					
Vulnerable staff and staff in high risk categories Some staff may have pre-existing medical conditions (e.g. chronic conditions such as diabetes or asthma) which render them more vulnerable to the dangers of coronavirus infection Some older staff may also be	High (A1)	Ensure all vulnerable or high-risk staff are a Managers, human resources and occupation aware of staff who fall into vulnerable and hensure that they are given adequate supportions. No member of staff in a vulnerable or high-come to work during the crisis; they should	onal health departments sho nigh-risk categories so that t rt to enable them to comply risk category should be exp	uld be hey can with					
vulnerable to the effects of the virus		come to work during the crisis; they should distancing/medical advice and stay at home Where it is possible or appropriate for certa from home this may be facilitated	e						
Some staff may be in a "high risk" category as defined by the government (e.g. those who have had an organ transplant or those who are taking a medicine which		Managers should stay in touch with vulnera they are well and to prevent them from feel Definitions of High-Risk Categories		ne to ensure					
who are taking a frieddinite which weakens their immune system) and in need of special "shielding" arrangements		Clinically extremely vulnerable Period People defined on medical grounds.	•	ulnerable.	MED (A3)	Υ	MED (A3)	Y	N
People with pre-existing conditions and older people (over 70) have been advised by the Government to be particularly stringent in		meaning they are at the greatest includes solid organ transplant re chemotherapy; renal dialysis pati	risk of severe illness. This g ecipients; people receiving						
complying with social distancing requirements		 Clinically Vulnerable Clinically vulnerable people incluover, people with disease, people others 							
People in the high-risk category have been told that for their safety they must self-isolate at home for 12 weeks; they must not leave home and are subject to special NHS "shielding" arrangements		Vulnerable people (Non-Clinical) There are a range of people who non-clinical factors such as Other groups having a heightened chance of severe consequences Makes are at greater right then for	of catching contracting the v						
		Males are at greater risk than fer. Document Ref: IQF7002	lssue No: 07	Issue Dat	e: 04-19				

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	Pregnant women have also been advised to be extra careful and should be considered vulnerable		 Risk increases with age Certain ethnic groups appear to be more vulnerable General fitness levels and obesity 					
Abuse/violence to customer facing staff	There have been instances of staff in essential services being abused or threatened by members of the public	High (A1)	Managers should reinforce the message to staff that this organisation will not tolerate attacks on its staff, both verbal and non-verbal The organisation's policies on aggression or violence to staff should be implemented in full All incidents should be reported to managers who should take appropriate action to ensure the immediate safety of staff All incidents should be recorded and reported to the police	MED (A3)	Y	MED (A3)	Y	N
Crisis management and business continuity hazards caused by the pandemic emergency	The crisis threatens business continuity and ability to deliver essential services to our customers	High (A1)	Establish overall coronavirus risk management team Ask all departments to review and refresh business continuity plans as necessary Devise appropriate business recovery plans and keep under constant review	MED (A3)	Υ	MED (A3)	Y	N
Transmission or Contraction of Covid-19	Potential Risk of catching / spreading Covid-19 From someone who is returning to work after isolating because they had been in contact with someone who had tested positive for Covid-19, or because they had tested positive.	H (A2)	On returning to duty and prior to commencing work or coming into contact with others the employee should complete a lateral flow test and a Covid-19 Return to Work Questionnaire is to be completed (IQF3255) to assess the returning employees fitness to return and that he/she is symptom free and has isolated for the correct period in accordance with the Governments Guidelines. Where possible the questionnaire is to be conducted remotely by phone, Microsoft Teams or Zoom but in all cases before the employee has come into contact with others.	M (A3)	Υ	M (A3)	Υ	N
Human Factors	Complacency, non-compliance leading to accidents and breaches of legislation. Prosecution, fines and remedial costs	M (B2)	Disciplinary Procedures Provision of instruction, information, training (induction and Toolbox talks) monitoring	L (B3)	Y	L (B3)	Y	N

Ideal welcomes any constructive and positive suggestions aimed at improving the information contained in this Risk Assessment
The IDEAL SUGGESTIONS form can be found in the Contract Control Manual

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